

Visualizing Maji Ndogo's Past

Visual Insight

Type Of Water

All

Province Name

All

Town Name

All

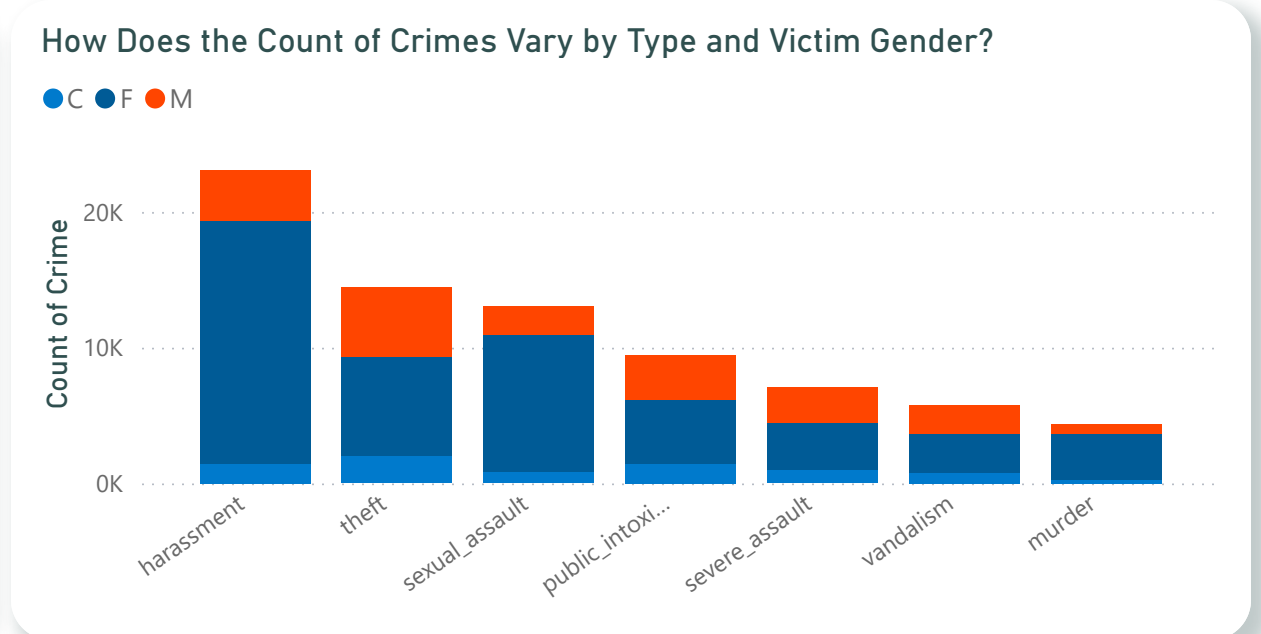
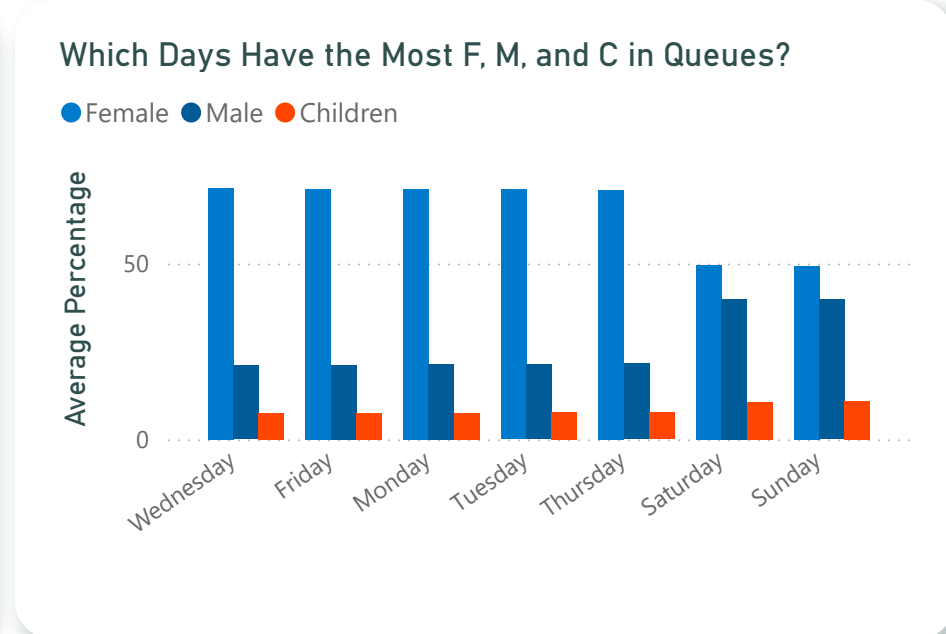
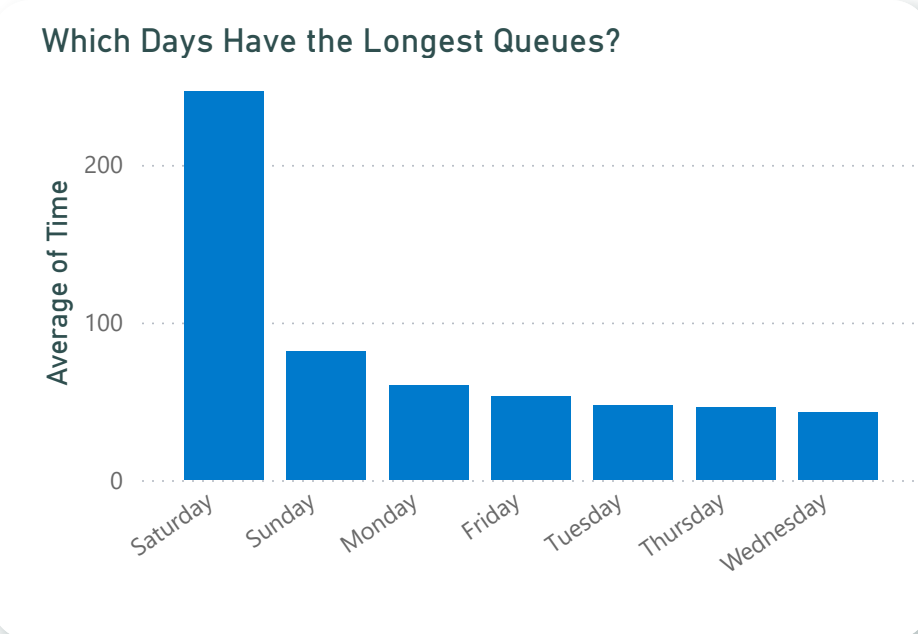
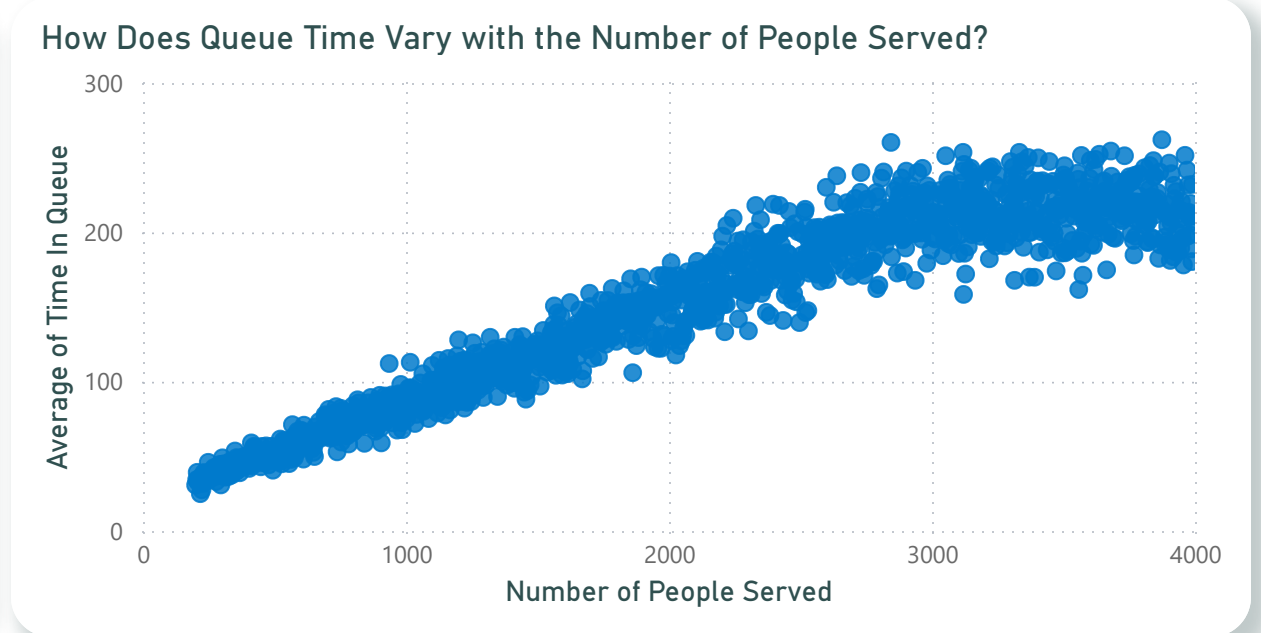
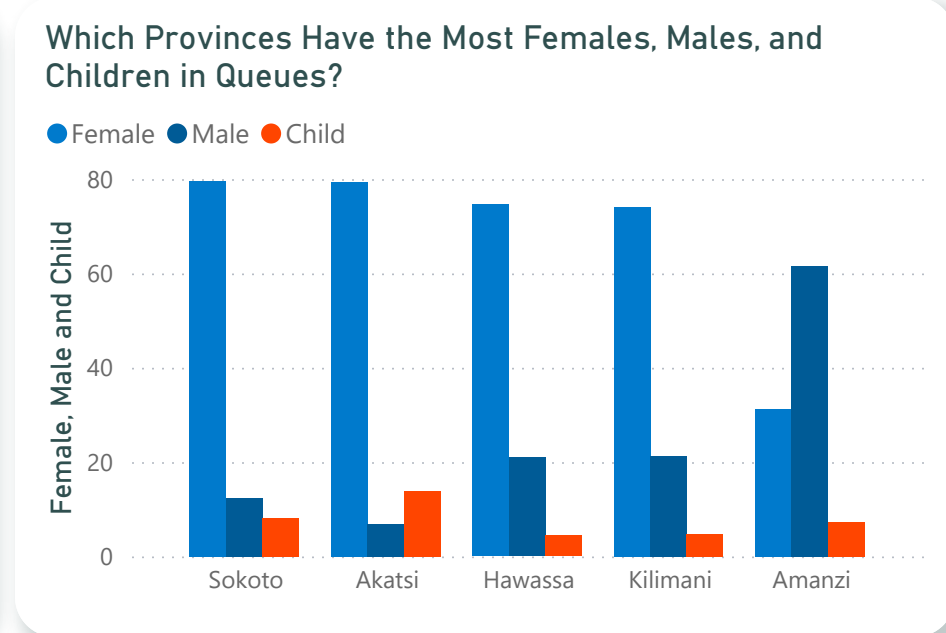
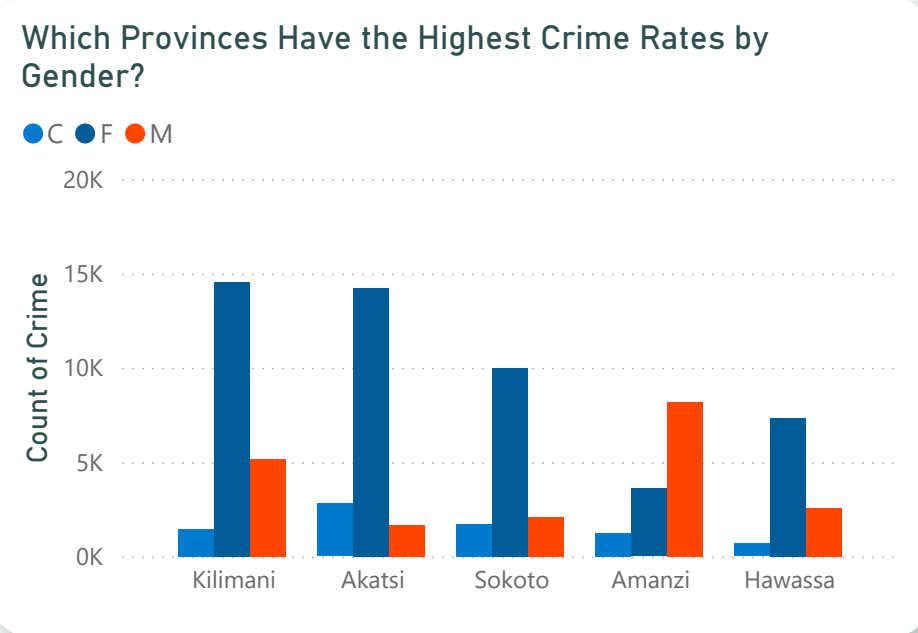
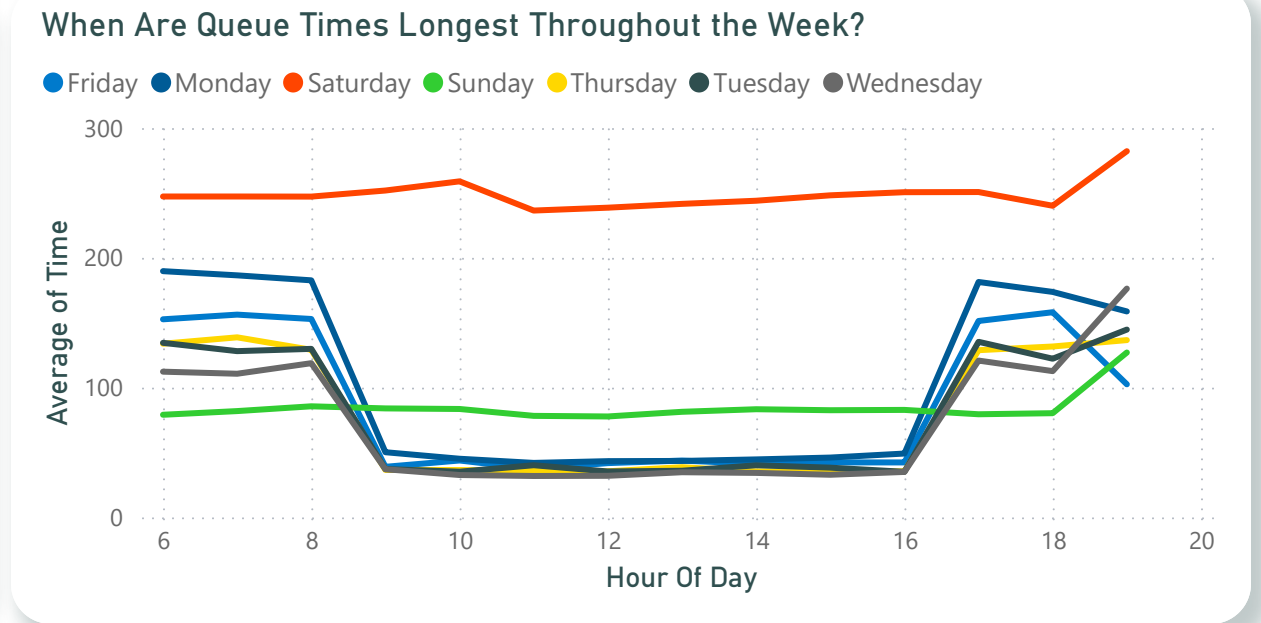
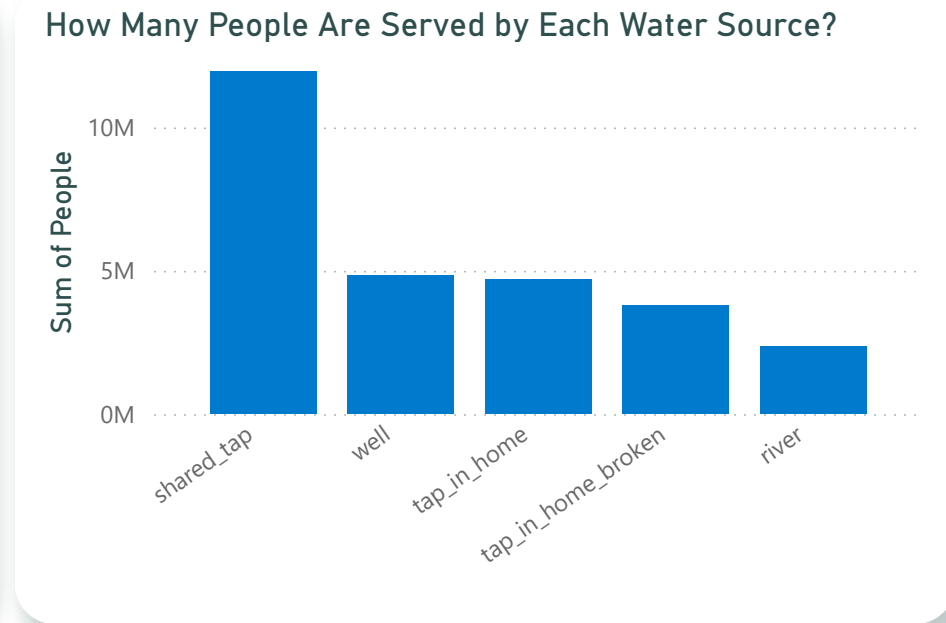
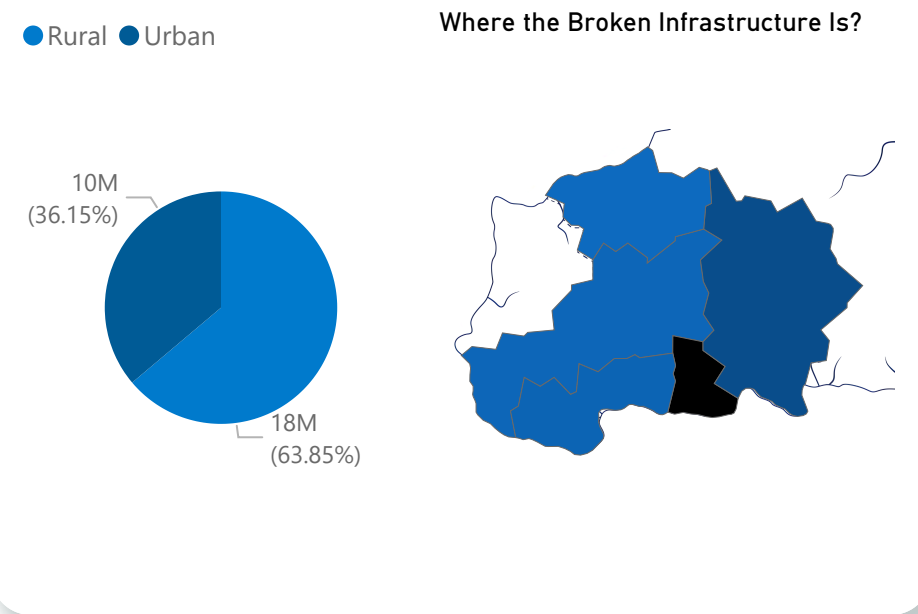
Day Of Week

All

Victim Gender

C F M

Clear all slicers



Water Sources in Maji Ndogo:

Rural Water Sources:

- Most water sources are located in rural areas.

Shared Taps:

- 43% of the population uses shared taps.
- Up to 2000 people often share one tap.

In-Home Water Infrastructure:

- 31% of the population has water infrastructure in their homes.
- 45% of these systems are non-functional due to issues with pipes, pumps, and reservoirs.
- Affected areas include Amina, rural parts of Amanzi, and several towns across Akatsi and Hawassa.

Wells:

- 18% of the population uses wells.
- Only 28% of these wells provide clean water.
- Clean wells are mostly found in Hawassa, Kilimani, and Akatsi.

Wait Times for Water:

- Average wait time exceeds 120 minutes.
- Longest queues on Saturdays.
- Longer queues in the mornings and evenings.
- Shortest queues on Wednesdays and Sundays.
-

Provincial Insights:

- Hawassa: Lowest number of homes with tap water.
- Amanzi: Most progress in gender equality in water access.
- Kintampo and Lusaka: Highest percentage of children in the queues.
-

Crimes Against Women:

- Most Common Crime: Harassment.
- Province with Lowest Crimes Against Women: Amanzi.

Maji Ndogo's Past